

SEClute™

SIMPLY THE BEST
VALUE IN **SPE**



S*PURE

www.sstarpure.com



With in-house capability using the finest Silica particle to producing the finished Product, it is easy to deliver SEClute™ SPE Products at exceptional prices.

No compromise on quality - **simply the best value in SPE.**



Exceptional Quality Silica

Pure Silica is key to predictable analyte-sorbent interactions. It is also the foundation for manufacturing bonded phases with high and reproducible recoveries.



Reproducible Methods Start with Reproducible Product

Two main factors contribute to a consistent SPE product — selectivity and bed weight. **SEClute™** SPE silica-based bonded sorbents are characterized with over 20 tests to ensure unvarying lot-to-lot selectivity. Packed SPE columns have less than 2% bed weight variation. Removing variables associated with the product allows you to concentrate on the method development process.



Flexible Manufacturing

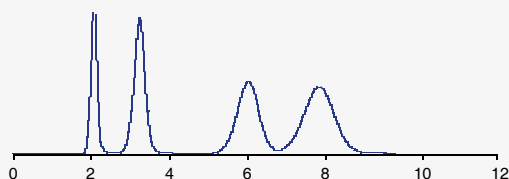
At S*Pure we have the flexibility to work with our customers to provide Custom Size Cartridges / Bed Weight combinations to suit your need. Talk to us today regarding your special requirements.

Every part of our SPE manufacturing process is carefully monitored. From silica production to final product, we perform over 30 tests, and provide a comprehensive quality assurance certificate that displays the 18 most meaningful results to the SPE user.*

*Applies to silica-based media.

Quality Assurance Certificate Solid Phase Extraction

Sorbent Lot Number : 051200123 Finished Good Lot Number : 1234567 Part Number : 5138764 Description : SEClute™ C18-Low, 6.0mL/1000mg		
Base Material Properties		
Parameter	Value	Test
Surface Area	525m ² /gram	ASAP 2400 Analyzer
Pore Diameter	68Å	ASAP 2400 Analyzer
Pore Volume	0.9cm ³ /gram	ASAP 2400 Analyzer
Average Particle Size	53µ	Malvern Mastersizer-S
Sorbent Characterization		
Parameter	Value	Test
Phase Type	Octadecyl	HPLC Test
Endcapped	Yes	LECO CHN-900 Analyzer
Carbon Load	6.5%	LECO CHN-900 Analyzer
Ion Exchange Capacity	N/Ameq/mL	Titration
Fines	0.72NTU	Micro 100 Turbidometer
Sorbent Purity	Pass	GC/FID Test
Surface Coverage	2.00_mol/m ²	Calculation Based on %C
pH	4.0	pH Meter



Test Probe	Relative	Retention alpha	Column Dimension	Flow	Temperature	Mobile Phase	Detector
Uracil			150mm x 4.6mm	1.0mL/min	30°C	Acetonitrile:Water (40:60)	UV @ 254nm
Phenol	Tol/Ph	4.00					
Diethyltoluamide	Tol/DET	1.30					
Toluene							

Manufacturing Components & Control Tests		
Parameter	Value	Test
Tube Purity	Pass	GC/FID Test
Frit Purity	Pass	GC/FID Test
Visual Inspection	Pass	Cognex Viaion System
Sorbent Weight	Pass	Mass Balance Scale
Flowrate	Pass	Pressure vs Air Flow Measurement

Component Tests

GC/FID shows that SEClute™ tubes are constructed from a highly inert grade of polypropylene to prevent extractable contamination. Polyethylene frits are thoroughly washed in organic solvent which also eliminates extractables.

Manufacturing Control

SEClute™ SPE products are packed and assembled using custom-designed, precision equipment. Every manufacturing batch is guaranteed to have less than 2% bed weight variation and uniform flow rates. A sophisticated visual inspection system only accepts product that meets our high standards for bed consistency and frit integrity.



Quality Assurance Certificate

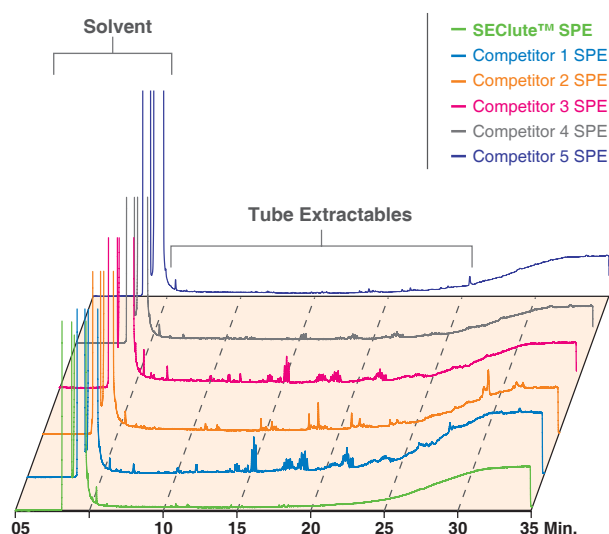
Base Material Properties

SEClute™ base silicas are characterized multiple ways to ensure that the starting point for every batch of media is consistent. Parameters that can directly affect SPE results are shown for lot-to-lot comparison.

Sorbent Characterization

Tight specifications promise clean and reproducible sorbent performance. An HPLC chromatogram offers a detailed look at selectivity that is not possible with recovery tests alone. Turbidity measurements after sorbent bonding confirm that fines were not created during the manufacturing process.

GC/FID Tube Analysis



Chloroform wash determines if extractables are present in medical grade polypropylene tubes. SEClute™ tubes have no detectable extractables.

Sorbent Selection Guides

Simple Choices

SEClute™ SPE products have a concise offering of sorbents suitable for a variety of applications. Whether pharmaceutical or petrochemical, these products deliver the selectivity and high recovery you expect. Use this guide to help you choose the appropriate sorbent, bed size, and solvent volumes to ensure you have a cleaner, more concentrated sample at the end of your SPE process.

REVERSED PHASE SORBENTS

Sorbent	Support	Carbon (%)	Endcapping	Surface Area (m ² /g)	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Feature	Benefit	Application type
C18-Max	Silica	17.1	Yes	518	50	60	Polymerically bonded 17% carbon load	Highest binding capacity, best for complex samples or structurally diverse analytes.	Drugs and their metabolites in serum and plasma, pesticides
C18-Aq	Silica	12.5	Yes	518	50	60	Hydrophilic endcapping	Water-wettable C18 ideal for aqueous samples. Phase remains active even when completely dry.	Desalting proteins, pharmaceuticals, hormones, pesticides, organics in water
C18-Low	Silica	6.5	Yes	518	50	60	Least hydrophobic C18 phase	C18 phase that easily releases very hydrophobic compounds.	Surfactants, oils, antibiotics
C18-Fast	Silica	7.0	Yes	518	100	60	Large 100µm particle	Process large volume (>500mL) or viscous samples with fast flow rates.	Aniline, pesticides, haloethers, phthalate esters, EPA 3620, 3610
TMS	Silica	5.6	No	518	50	60	Low carbon load trimethyl silane phase	Least hydrophobic reversed phase elutes non-polar compounds easily. Short carbon chain has little steric hindrance to uniformly cover silica surface.	Oils, dyes, surfactants

NORMAL PHASE SORBENTS

Sorbent	Support	Carbon (%)	Endcapping	Surface Area (m ² /g)	Particle Size (µm)	Pore Size (Å)	Feature	Benefit	Application type
Silica	Silica	N/A	N/A	518	50	60	Most polar phase	Able to differentiate between structurally similar compounds.	Aflatoxins, pesticides, steroids, structural isomers
Amino	Silica	4.3	No	518	50	60	Dual retention	Retains polar compounds, or can act as a weak anion exchanger. Easily releases strong acids when SAX binds too strongly.	Carbohydrates, dyes, lipids, mycotoxins, strong acids
Diol	Silica	N/A	No	518	50	60	Reproducible polar bonded phase	Very polar phase that has the same benefits as silica, but wets easily and offers more reproducibility.	Alkaloids, lipids, oils, structural isomers
Florisil®	Magnesium Silica	N/A	No		120	60	Alternative Polar Phase	Large Particle size for quick processing of large sample sizes	Environmental Samples

ION EXCHANGE SORBENTS

Sorbent	Support	Exchange Capacity (meq/g)	Counter Ion	Particle Size (µm)	Feature	Benefit	Application type
Anion-X	8% cross-linked styrene-divinylbenzene	1.5	Acetate form	50	Tetramethyl ammonium functional group on polymer base material	pH range from 1–14, with excellent exchange capacity.	Anionic compounds: organic acids, fatty acids
Cation-X	8% cross-linked styrene-divinylbenzene	2.4	Hydrogen form	50	Benzene sulfonic acid functional group on polymer base material	pH range from 1–14, with excellent exchange capacity.	Cationic compounds: amines, amino acids



To calculate sorbent bed volume, use 150µL for every 100mg of sorbent.



Retention capacity describes the total amount that an SPE sorbent will bind. This includes all compounds retained — analytes of interest as well as the contaminants.



Minimum elution volume recommended in bed size chart below will offer best sensitivity, but more solvent may be required depending on application.



RECOMMENDED USAGE GUIDELINES*

Bed Size (mg):	50	100	200	500	500	1000	2000	5000	10000
Sorbent Retention Capacity (mg)	2.5	5	10	25	25	50	100	250	500
Condition Volume (mL) 4 bed volumes	0.30	0.60	1.20	3.00	3.00	6.00	12.00	30.00	60.00
Wash Volume (mL) 6 bed volumes	0.45	0.90	1.80	4.50	4.50	9.00	18.00	45.00	90.00
Min. Elution Volume (mL) 3 bed volumes	0.23	0.45	0.90	2.25	2.25	4.50	9.00	22.50	45.00

TRADENAME CROSS REFERENCE

TRY SEClute™ Sorbent	If you use:	JT Baker Bakerbond™	Phenomenex Strata™	Supelco Discovery™ Supelclean™	Varian Bond Elut®	Waters Sep-Pak®
C18-Max		Octadecyl	C18-E	DSC-18	C18	tC18
C18-Aq		Octadecyl lightload	C18-U	DSC-18Lt	C18OH	C18
C18-Low		N/A	N/A	LC-18	N/A	N/A
C18-Fast		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TMS		N/A	N/A	N/A	C1	C2
Silica		Silica Gel	Si-1	DSC-Si or LC-Si	LC-Si	Silica
Amino		Amino	NH2	LC-NH2	NH2	NH2
Diol		N/A	N/A	DSC-Diol or LC-Diol	2OH	Diol
Anion-X		Quaternary Amine	SAX	DSC-SAX or LC-SAX	SAX	N/A
Cation-X		Aromatic Sulfonic Acid	SCX	DSC-SCX or LC-SCX	SCX	N/A

Method Development

SPE Method Development

SPE method development typically contains four steps:

- 1. Condition** – the conditioning step is comprised of two substeps; the first activities the sorbent ligands, the second equilibrates the sorbent bed.
- 2. Load** – in the load step, sample is applied to the SPE device. Matrix and flow rate are optimized to quantitatively retain target analytes.
- 3. Wash** – in the wash step, choose a solvent that elutes impurities but retains target analytes.
- 4. Elute** – the elution step ideally removes all target analytes with minimal solvent to maximize sensitivity. Sometimes this requires a combination of solvents to break both the primary and secondary interactions.

GENERAL METHOD DEVELOPMENT PROCEDURES			
1. Condition	2. Load	3. Wash	4. Elute
Methanol followed by water	Process sample at a flow raate of 1-5mL per minute.	Water or water:methanol (95:5)	Methanol or acetonitrile. May need to add strong acid or base to organic solvent to break secondary interactions.
IPA followed by hexane	Process sample at a flow rate of 1-5mL per minutes	Hexane or hexane:IPA (98:2)	IPA, ethyl acetate, acetone, or hexane:IPA (50:50)
Methanol: water (50:50) followed by low ionic strength (0.1M) buffer	Apply slowly: less than or equal to 1mL/min. ion exchange kinetics are slower than reversed or normal phase	Methanol: low ionic strength (0.1M) buffer (10:90)	High ionic strength (0.5M-1.0M) buffer or modify pH such that the analyte is uncharged. May need to add organic to break hydrophobic interactions.



Do not allow bed to dry out unless using C18-Aq.

If less than desirable recoveries, collect filtrate on load, wash, and elution steps to determine where sample is being lost.

Often, the equilibration solvent is a suitable wash solvent

Be sure solvent is compatible with next step in the analysis.

SPE Processing Equipment

Vacuum manifolds process multiple samples simultaneously, saving time and effort. Manifold systems come complete with the components listed below. See page 11 for ordering information.

Vacuum Manifold Components

- Glass Chamber
- Vacuum Valve and Gauge
- Polypropylene Lid
- Stopcock Valves
- Collection Rack Plates
- Support Posts for Collection Racks
- Retaining Clips for Collection Racks
- Lid Legs
- Manifold Inlet Caps
- Polypropylene Needles



Hypericins from St. John's Wort

Procedure Using SEClute™ C18-Max, 1000mg:

Sample Treatment – Pulverize 300mg St. John's Wort powder into five, 3mL aliquots of methanol:water (80:20). Combine and filter extracts to produce 15mL filtrate. Dilute to 30mL with water.

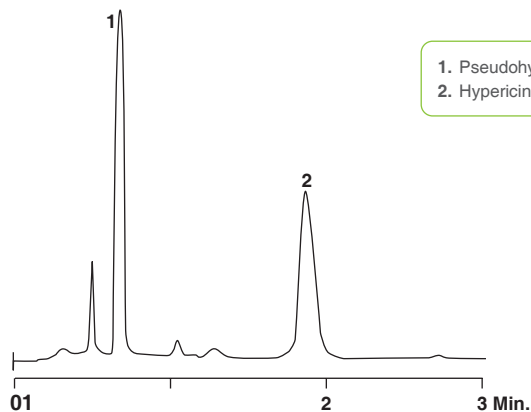
Conditioning – Rinse device with 5mL methanol followed by 5mL deionized water.

Sample Application – Apply 2mL filtrate to the top of the SPE device and draw through the C18 packed bed.

Wash* – Wash device with 3mL of deionized water.

Elution – Elute with 2mL methanol.

*Repeat load and wash steps consecutively until filtrate is consumed.



1. Pseudohypericin
2. Hypericin

Column : Alltima 3 μ m C18 Rocket 53 x 7 mm (Part No. 50605)
Mobile Phase : MeOH:0.2% H₃PO₄ (95:5)
Flow Rate : 4.0mL/min
Detector : VIS at 585nm

Phenolic Acids from Echinacea

Procedure Using SEClute™ C18-Max, 1000mg:

Sample Treatment – Pulverize 300mg echinacea powder into five, 3mL aliquots of methanol. Combine and filter extracts to produce 15mL filtrate. Dilute to 30mL with water.

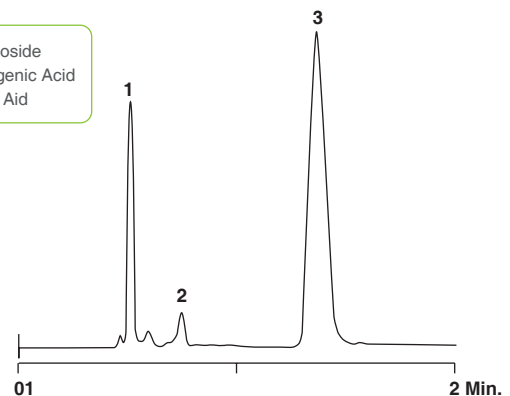
Conditioning – Rinse device with 5mL methanol followed by 5mL deionized water.

Sample Application – Apply 2mL filtrate to the top of the SPE device and draw through the C18 packed bed.

Wash* – Wash device with 2mL of deionized water.

Elution – Elute with 5mL of methanol:water (50:50).

*Repeat load and wash steps consecutively until filtrate is consumed.



1. Echinicoside
2. Chlorogenic Acid
3. Caffeic Acid

Column : Alltima 3 μ m C18 Rocket 53 x 7 mm (Part No. 50605)
Mobile Phase : ACN:10mM K₂HPO₄, pH 2.6 (20:80)
Flow Rate : 3.5mL/min
Detector : UV at 330nm

Chlorinated Pesticides from Water

Procedure Using SEClute™ C18-Fast, 1000mg:

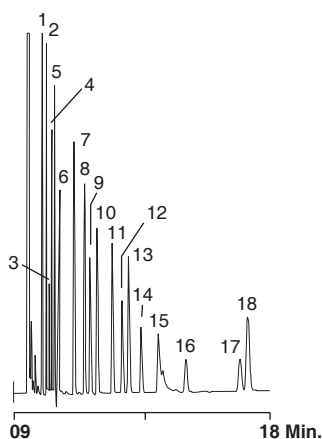
Conditioning – Rinse device with 5mL of methanol followed by 5mL deionized water.

Sample Application – Pass 100mL–500mL (containing 1% methanol) of water sample through the device at 20mL/minute.

Wash – Wash device with 10mL of deionized water then 10mL of methanol:deionized water (20:80). Remove excess by passing air through the device for two minutes.

Elution – Elute with 2mL of hexane:ethyl acetate (70:30).

Pass extract through 2g–3g sodium sulfate to remove residual water.



Recovery (as % Standard)

01. α -BHC (104%)
02. Lindane (109%)
03. β -BHC (106%)
04. Heptachlor (92%)
05. γ -BHC (110%)
06. Aldrin (98%)
07. Heptachlor Epoxide (107%)
08. β -Endosulfan (105%)
09. p,p'-DDE (79%)
10. Dieldrin (102%)
11. Endrin (104%)
12. p,p'-DDD (92%)
13. β -Endosulfan (103%)
14. p,p'-DDT
15. Endrin Aldehyde (102%)
16. Endosulfan Sulfate (103%)
17. Methoxychlor (99%)
18. Endrin Ketone (104%)

Column : AT-Pesticide+ 20m x 0.53mm x 0.60 μ m GC Column (Part No. 16846)
Temperature : 210°C
Carrier Gas : Helium, 35cm/sec
Detector : ECD

Antioxidants from Chamomile

Procedure Using SEClute™ C18-Max, 1000mg:

Sample Treatment – Pulverize 1g commercial chamomile tea grounds into 6mL dioxane:methanol (50:50). Filter extract and dilute to 20mL with water.

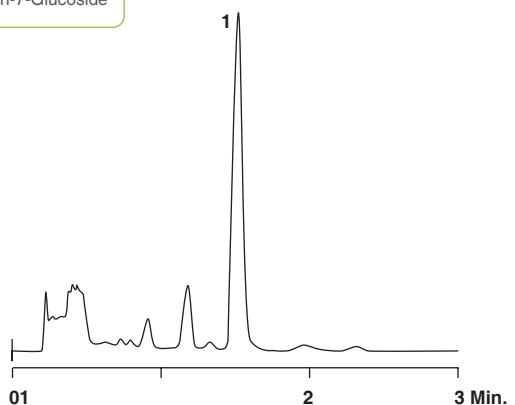
Conditioning – Rinse device with 5mL methanol followed by 5mL water.

Sample Application* – Apply 1mL filtrate.

Wash* – Wash with 1mL water.

Elution – Elute first with 2mL methanol:water (50:50). Elute second, fraction and use for this analysis, with 2mL methanol.

*Before elution step, repeat load and wash steps until filtrate is consumed.



1. Apigenin-7-Glucoside

Column : Alltima 3 μ m C18 Rocket 53 x 7 mm (Part No. 50605)
Temperature : ACN:20mM K₂HPO₄, pH 7.3 (65:35)
Carrier Gas : 3mL/min
Detector : 5 μ L

Vasodilators from Dong Quai

Procedure using SEClute™ C18-Max, 1000mg:

Sample Treatment – Pulverize 1500mg commercial dong quai root powder into three, 5mL aliquots of methanol. Combine and filter extracts to produce 15mL filtrate. Dilute to 30mL with water.

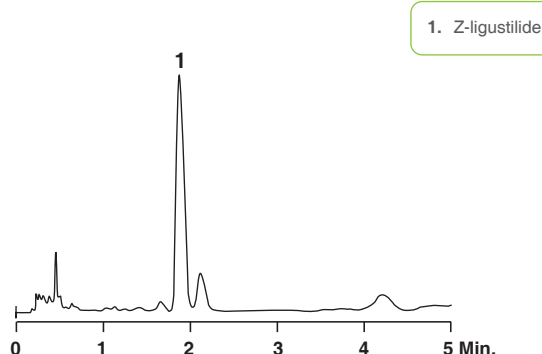
Conditioning – Rinse device with 5mL methanol followed by 5mL water.

Sample Application* – Apply 1mL filtrate.

Wash* – Wash with 2mL water.

Elution – Elute with 2mL methanol.

*Before elution step, repeat load and wash steps until filtrate is consumed.



Column : Alltima 3 μ m C18 Rocket 53 x 7 mm (Part No. 50605)
Mobile Phase : MeOH:0.2% H₃PO₄ (95:5)
Flow Rate : 4.5mL/min
Detector : UV 270nm
Inj. Vol : 5 μ L

Sedatives from Kava Kava

Procedure using SEClute™ C18-Max, 1000mg:

Sample Treatment – Pulverize 300mg commercial kava kava root powder into four, 2mL aliquots of methanol:water (80:20). Combine and filter extract to produce 8mL filtrate. Dilute to 10mL with water.

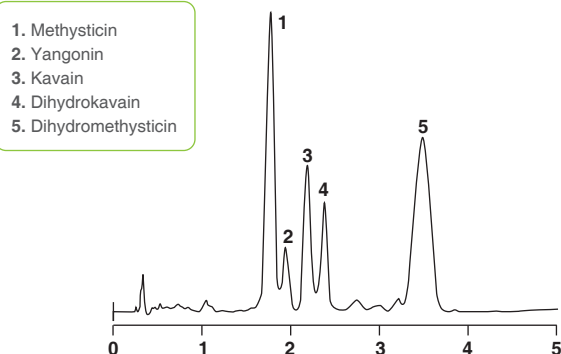
Conditioning – Rinse device with 5mL methanol followed by 5mL water.

Sample Application* – Apply 2mL filtrate.

Wash* – Wash with 2mL water.

Elution – Elute with 3mL methanol.

*Before elution step, repeat load and wash steps until filtrate is consumed.



Column : Alltima 3 μ m C18 Rocket 53 x 7 mm (Part No. 50605)
Mobile Phase : ACN:IPA:0.2% Acetic Acid (17:23:60)
Flow Rate : 3.5mL/min
Detector : UV 220nm
Inj. Vol : 5 μ L

Fungicides from Red Wine

Procedure using SEClute™ C18-Max, 500mg:

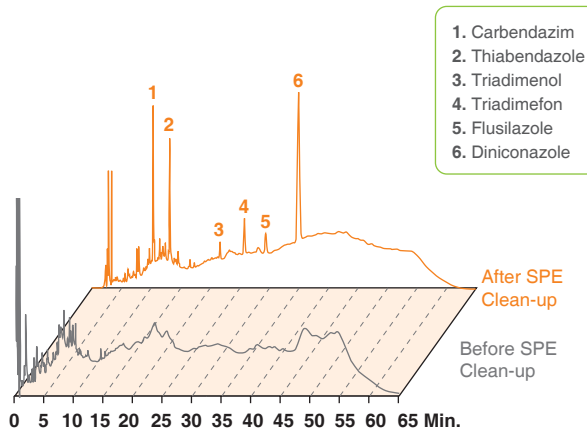
Sample Treatment – Add 0.167mg/mL each of carbendazim, thiabendazole, triadimenol, triadimefon, flusilazole, diniconazole into 1mL water. Combine with 1mL Beaujolais red wine.

Conditioning – Rinse device with 3mL methanol followed by 3mL water.

Sample Application – Apply 2mL red wine mixture.

Wash – No wash.

Elution – Elute with 3mL methanol.



Column : Alltima HP 5 μ m C18-Amide 250 x 4.6 mm (Part No. 87734)
Mobile Phase : A:Water B:Acetonitrile
Gradient : (Time, %B): (0,15%), (15,45%), (50,45%), (65,15%)
Flow Rate : 1mL/min
Detector : UV at 254nm

Nitroaromatics and Naphthols from Soil

Procedure using SEClute™ C18-Max, 500mg:

Sample Treatment – Spike 100g soil with 7.5 μ g/g of each analyte. Combine soil with 1000mL deionized water, shake for 10 minutes, and filter.

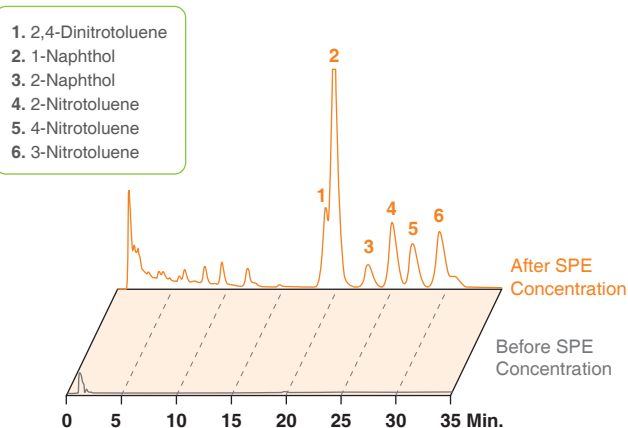
Conditioning – Rinse device with 5mL methanol followed by 5mL water.

Sample Application – Aspirate 1000mL water sample through SPE at flowrate 1-5mL/min.

Wash – No wash. Air dry for 15 seconds.

Elution – Elute with three 1mL aliquots of methanol:water (50:50).

Air dry for 15 seconds between each elution.



Column : Adsorbosphere UHS C18 5 μ m 150 x 4.6 mm (Part No. 288118)
Mobile Phase : Methanol:Water (50:50)
Flow Rate : 1.0mL/min
Detector : UV at 254nm
Temperature : Ambient

Benzodiazepines from Human Plasma

Procedure using SEClute™ C18-Aq, 500mg:

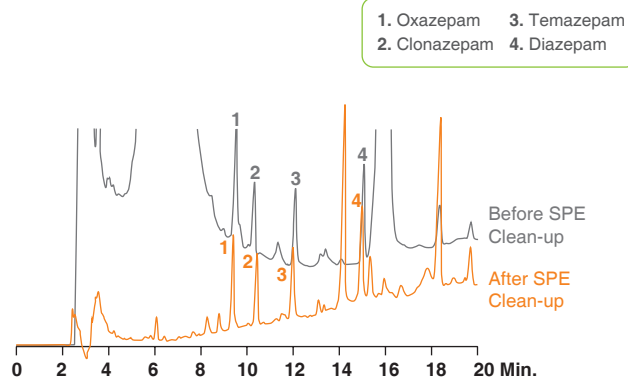
Sample Treatment – Spike 500µL plasma with 10µL of a 0.1mg/mL standard solution. Combine with 100µL of 0.1M sodium carbonate buffer.

Conditioning – Rinse device 2mL water.

Sample Application – Apply entire sample.

Wash – Wash with 2mL water and then 50µL methanol.

Elution – Elute with 600µL methanol.



Column : Alltima HP 5 µm C18 250 x 4.6 mm 250 x 4.6 mm (Part No. 87680)
Mobile Phase : A: Water B: Acetonitrile
Gradient : (Time, %B): (0,30), (30,80)
Flow Rate : 1mL/min
Detector : UV at 254nm
Temperature : Ambient

Carbamate Pesticides from Water

Procedure using SEClute™ C18-Fast, 500mg:

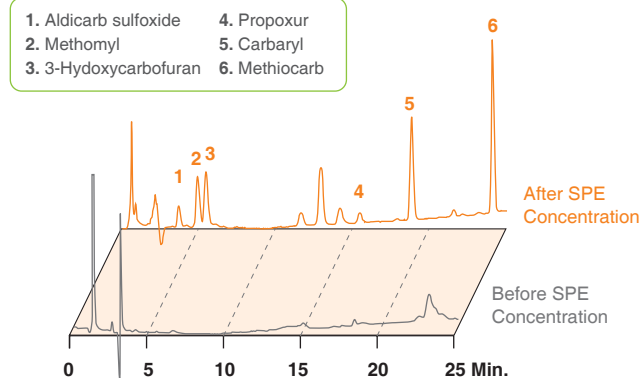
Sample Treatment – Spike 500mL tap water with 125µL carbamate solution for final concentration of 25ppb.

Conditioning – Rinse with 3mL acetonitrile:water (80:20) followed by 3mL water. Dry with vacuum.

Sample Application – Apply 500µL sample.

Wash – 2 x 3mL water.

Elution – Elute with 4 x 1mL acetonitrile:water (80:20)



Column : Platinum EPS C18 5µm 250 x 4.6mm (Part No. 32246)
Mobile Phase : A: DI water B: Acetonitrile
Gradient : (Time, %B): (0,25), (5,25), (20,50), (25,50), (30,25)
Flow Rate : 1mL/min
Detector : UV at 210nm
Temperature : Ambient

Preservatives from Fruit Punch

Procedure using SEClute™ Anion-X, 500mg:

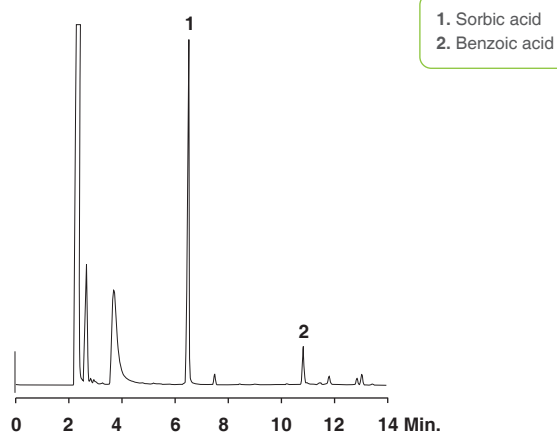
Sample Treatment – Use 8mL fruit punch and adjust pH to 10 using potassium hydroxide.

Conditioning – Rinse device 10mL water.

Sample Application – Apply 8mL pH adjusted fruit punch sample.

Wash – Wash with 20mL water.

Elution – Elute with 1mL 1.0N hydrochloric acid followed by 1mL methanol.



Column : AT-AquaWax-DA+ 30m x 0.25mm x 0.25µm GC Column (Part No. 14537)
Temp : 200°C (5 min hold) to 230°C (4 min hold) at 5°C/min
Carrier : Helium at 0.75mL/min (25cm/sec)
Detector : FID at 250°C

Diuretics from Urine

Procedure using SEClute™ C18-Max, 1000mg:

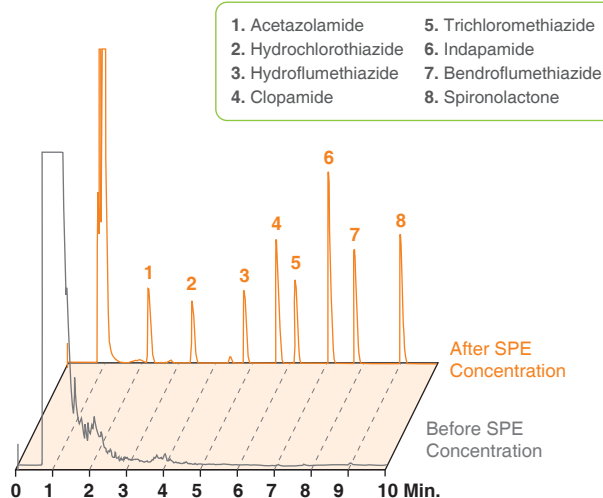
Sample Treatment – Spike synthetic urine with 8 diuretics to a concentration of 1.25µg/mL each.

Conditioning – Rinse device 5mL methanol, followed by 5mL water.

Sample Application – Apply 15mL spiked urine sample at 1mL/min.

Wash – Wash with 5mL water.

Elution – Elute with 2mL methanol. Evaporate solvent and reconstitute in 250µL HPLC mobile phase.



Column : Alltima 3 µm C18 100 x 4.6 mm (Part No. 81382)
Mobile Phase : A: 25mM Ammonium Acetate, 0.1%TFA B: Acetonitrile, 0.1%TFA
Gradient : (Time, %B): (0,20), (10,90)
Flow Rate : 1.0mL/min
Detector : ELSD

Applications Chart

Analyte Class	Matrix	Analytes Per Application	SEClute™ Product	Pretreatment
Amphetamines	Urine	Amphetamine and Methamphetamine	C18-Aq, 500mg	Spike urine with 1µg/mL target analytes. Dilute with equal volume of 2% ammonium hydroxide in DI water.
Anticonvulsants	Serum	Phenobarbital, Primidone, Carbamazepine, 5,5-Diphenylhydantoin, MPPH (5-Methylphenyl-5-phenylhydantoin)	C18-Low, 500mg	Add 100µL of 0.1M KH ₂ PO ₄ buffer, pH 3.5 to 500µL of serum in a test tube. Add 200µg/mL MPPH, 5-methylphenyl-5-phenylhydantoin as internal standard. Vortex 1 minute.
Benzodiazepines	Serum	Norchlordiazepoxide, Demoxepam, Chlordiazepoxide, Nitrazepam, Nordiazepam (Metabolite of diazepam), Diazepam	C18-Low, 500mg	Use 500µL serum. Add 500µL internal standard solution: 50µg/mL benzodiazepine. Vortex 1 minute.
BHA	Soy Oil	BHA (3-tert-Butyl-4-hydroxyanisole)	Amino, 200mg	Add 10mg BHA into 1mL soy oil and dilute to 10mL with n-Pentane.
Caffeine	Coffee	Caffeine	C18-Aq, 500mg	None, will work equally well for any beverage containing caffeine.
Carbohydrates	Molasses	Fructose, Glucose, Sucrose	C18-Low, 500mg	Dilute 20g molasses to 250mL with DI water.
Carbohydrates	Wine	Ethanol, Glucose, Sucrose	C18-Max, 100mg	None.
Chlorinated Pesticides	Water	a-BHC, Lindane, a-BHC, Heptachlor, Aldrin, Heptachlor Epoxide, p,p'-DDE, Dieldrin, o,p'-DDD, Endrin, o,p'-DDT, p,p'-DDD, p,p'-DDT	C18-Fast, 500mg	Due to the large sample volume, attach large volume reservoir to SPE device.
Chlorotetracycline	Ointment	Chlorotetracycline	Diol, 500mg	Add 2mL of hexane to 50mg of ointment. Vortex 1 minute.
Chlorophenoxy Acid Herbicides	Water	2,4-D; 2,4,5-T; Silvex	C18-Fast, 500mg	Acidify 100mL water sample to pH 2.2.
Desalting	Protein Solution	Cytochrom C, Ribonuclease-A	C18-Aq, 500mg	None.
Lactic Acid	Water	Lactic Acid	Anion-X, 500mg	None.
Lidocaine, Metabolites	Serum	GX (Glycinexylidide), MEGX (Monoethylglycinexylidide), Lidocaine, Mepivacaine (internal standard),	C18-Low, 500mg	Use 500µL serum. Add 500µL internal standard solution: 50µg/mL Mepivacaine HCl in 0.1M NaH ₂ PO ₄ . Vortex 1 minute.
Nitroaromatics and Naphthols	Water	2,4-DNT, 2-NT, 4-NT, 3-NT, 1- Naphthol, 2-Naphthol	C18-Fast, 500mg	Spike 1000mL tap water with 0.75µg/mL of analytes.
Off Flavors	Wine	4-Ethyl Phenol, 4-Ethyl Gualacol	C18-Low, 500mg	None.
Paraben Preservatives	Cosmetics	Methyl Paraben, Propyl Paraben	C18-Low, 500mg	Weigh one gram of cosmetic (hand cream, toothpaste, liquid soap) into a test tube. Add 10mL methanol and vortex one minute. Centrifuge resulting mixture to remove insoluble materials. Remove a 100µL aliquot to a 2mL volumetric flask and dilute to volume with methanol.
Perchlorate	Biological Matrix	Perchlorate	Anion-X, 500mg	None.
Phenylpropanolamine	Urine	Phenylpropanolamine	C18-Low, 100mg	1mL urine sample is placed in a small test tube. Add 250mL of carbonate buffer (NaHCO ₃ /Na ₂ CO ₃ , 5:1 w/w). Vortex 1 minute.
Phthalate Esters	Drinking Water	Dimethyl Phthalate, Diethyl Phthalate, Diallyl Phthalate, Dibutyl Phthalate, Diamyl Phthalate	C18-Low, 500mg	None.
Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons	River Water	Naphthalene, Acenaphthylene, Acenaphthene, Fluorene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Benz[a]anthracene, Chrysene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[k]fluoranthene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Dibenz[ah]anthracene, Benzo[ghi]perylene, Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene	C18-Aq, 500mg	None.
Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons	Tap Water	Acenaphthalene, Fluorene, Phenanthrene, Anthracene, Fluoranthene, Pyrene, Benz[a]anthracene, Benzo[b]fluoranthene, Benzo[k]fluoranthene, Benzo[a]pyrene, Dibenz[a,h]anthracene, Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene, Benzo[ghi]perylene	C18-Low, 500mg	None.
Preservatives	Beverages	Propionic Acid, Butyric Acid, Valeric Acid, Caproic Acid, Heptanoic Acid, Caprylic Acid	Anion-X, 500mg	Adjust beverage pH to 10 using KOH.
Quinidine	Urine	Quinidine	Diol, 500mg	Add 1mL HCl and 1mL urine sample to a 5mL volumetric flask. Heat to 65°C in a water bath for 10 minutes. Cool and add 1mL ammonium hydroxide. Dilute to volume with distilled water.
Salicylic Acid	Urine	Salicylic Acid, Acetylsalicylic Acid	C18-Max, 100mg	Spike 2mL synthetic urine with 100ppm salicylic acid and 100ppm acetylsalicylic acid.
Sedatives/Hypnotics	Serum	Barbital, Methypylon, Amobarbital, Phenacetin, Secobarbital, Meprobamate, Glutethimide, Caffeine, Phenobarbital, Methaqualone, Oxazepam, 4-Methyl Primidone, Diazepam, Nodiazepam	C18-Low, 500mg	Use 500µL serum. Add 200µL internal standard solution: 10µg/mL 4-methyl primidone in 0.1M KH ₂ PO ₄ , pH 4. Vortex 1 minute.
Steroids	Hydrocortisone Cream	Hydrocortisone	Silica, 500mg	Weigh one gram of cream into a 20mL vial. Add 10mL hexane: ethyl acetate (50:50). Vortex 3 minutes. Decant supernatant into a 50mL volumetric flask. Repeat extraction and combine supernatants. Dilute to volume with hexane:ethyl acetate (50:50).
THC	Urine	a9-Tetrahydrocannabinol	C18-Low, 500mg	Place 10mL urine sample in a centrifuge tube. Add 0.9mL of 10N NaOH. Cap tube and place in boiling water bath for 15 minutes. Cool to room temperature. Adjust pH to 2. Vortex 1 minute.
THC, Metabolites	Urine	a9-Tetrahydrocannabinol Methyl Ester, 9-Carboxy-11-nor-a9-THC Methyl Ester (Metabolite of #1)	C18-Low, 500mg	Add 1mL methanolic KOH (10% w/v) to 10mL of urine in a test tube. Cap and heat tube to 100°C for 15–20 minutes. Cool to room temperature and adjust pH to 3.
Theophylline	Serum	a-Hydroxyethyl Theophylline (internal standard), Theophylline	C18-Low, 100mg	Add 2mL of 0.1M KH ₂ PO ₄ (pH 4) buffer to 1mL serum. Vortex for one minute.
Topical Anesthetics	Serum	Benzocaine, Procaine, Mepivacaine	C18-Low, 500mg	Use 500µL serum. Add 500µL internal standard solution: 50µg/mL Mepivacaine HCl in 0.1M NaH ₂ PO ₄ . Vortex 1 minute.

Precondition	Load	Wash	Elute
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Apply 10mL sample.	2mL DI water, followed by 1mL IPA:DI water (25:75). Vacuum 2 minute. Next wash 1 mL hexane, vacuum 2 minute. Final wash with 1mL IPA	3 x 1mL IPA containing 2% ammonium hydroxide.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add the prepared sample.	9mL of DI water, vacuum 2 minutes.	500µL of methanol.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add the serum sample.	6mL DI water, vacuum 2 minutes.	1mL of methanol.
3mL pentane.	Add 1mL sample.	1.5mL n-pentane.	2mL ethanol.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add 1mL prepared sample.	6mL DI water, vacuum 10 minutes.	3mL of chloroform.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add 2mL prepared sample.	No wash, apply vacuum for 5 minutes.	Collect eluate. Filter through a 0.45µm syringe filter.
2mL methanol followed by 2mL DI water.	Add 2mL of wine with the vacuum turned off.	No wash, allow wine to remain in contact with cartridge for 2 minutes.	Turn on vacuum and collect eluant. The organic acids and anthocyanins will retain while the carbohydrates pass through.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add 100mL of water sample.	No wash, apply vacuum for 5 minutes.	2mL of ethyl acetate.
3mL of hexane.	Add 500µL prepared sample.	2mL of hexane, continue vacuum for 3 minutes.	2mL of a methanol:0.1N HCl solution (50:50).
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add acidified sample.	Wash with 6mL of DI water.	3mL of chloroform.
3mL methanol followed by 0.025% ammonium hydroxide.	Apply 1mL protein salt solution.	No wash.	500µL 0.4% TFA followed by 500µL acetonitrile containing 0.4% TFA. Apply vacuum until dry.
2mL 1M NaCl followed by 10mL DI water.	1mL, 1mL/min. (pH 7).	DI water, 2mL.	0.1M HCl, 500µL.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add sample.	8mL DI water:methanol (75:25), vacuum 2 minutes.	500µL methanol.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add 1000mL sample at flow rate of 5mL/min.	No wash.	Elute with 3 x 1mL methanol:water (50:50). Air dry after each elution.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Apply 10mL wine sample.	5mL water	1mL isopropyl alcohol.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add 2mL prepared sample.	3mL DI water, vacuum 2 minutes.	1mL methanol.
3mL 0.5M NaCl followed by 3mL DI water.	Apply 1mL sample.	No wash.	3 x 0.75mL of 0.1M NaCl.
2mL methanol followed by 2mL DI water.	Add the buffered urine.	2mL DI water, vacuum 2 minutes.	6mL of chloroform:isopropanol (90:10) through the cartridge. Repeat with an additional 0.2mL.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add 200mL water sample.	3mL DI water.	Pass two 500µL aliquots of ethyl acetate.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Apply 200mL water containing PAH's.	2mL DI water followed by 2mL IPA:Water (20:80).	2 x 2mL methanol.
6mL 2-propanol:DI water (15:85).	Add 100mL water sample.	2mL 2-propanol:DI water (15:85).	1mL methylene chloride.
10mL DI water.	Apply 8mL beverage sample.	20mL DI water.	1mL 1.0N HCl followed by 1mL methanol.
3mL methanol followed by 3mL DI water adjusted to pH 9.	Add 500µL prepared sample.	1mL of distilled water, continue vacuum for 2 minutes to remove residual wash solution.	Pass two aliquots of 500µL methanol.
3mL methanol followed by 3mL DI water.	Add 2mL spike urine.	2mL 50mM phosphate buffer monobasic, pH 2.	2mL methanol:water (50:50).
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add prepared serum sample.	6mL DI water, vacuum 2 minutes.	500µL acetone.
2mL, hexane:acetone (80:20).	Add 1mL prepared sample.	2mL of hexane:acetone (80:20) vacuum 2 minutes.	Pass two aliquots of 500µL methanol.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add prepared urine sample.	Wash first: 10mL of 0.1M HCl. Wash second 25mL of 50µM phosphoric acid containing 10% acetonitrile. Vacuum 2 minutes.	3mL of acetone through the cartridge. Collect eluate and add 1.5mL of methylene chloride, centrifuge 5 minutes. Remove up per phase and add 1.5mL of hexane. Centrifuge for 5 minutes. Remove up per phase once again and dry the treated sample. Redissolve in 200µL of chloroform for subsequent GC analysis.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add prepared urine sample.	5mL DI water followed by 5mL of acetonitrile:water (40:60). Vacuum 2 minutes.	2mL of methanol.
2mL methanol followed by 2mL DI water.	Add buffered serum.	2mL DI water, vacuum 2 minutes.	1mL of methanol.
5mL methanol followed by 5mL DI water.	Add sample.	8mL DI water:methanol (75:25), vacuum 2 minutes.	Pass 500µL of methanol and dry. Redissolve in 200µL of chloroform for subsequent analysis by gas chromatography.

Ordering Information



Vacuum Manifold & Accessories (photo on p. 6)

12-Port Manifold and Accessories

Description	Qty.	Part No.
12-Port Vacuum Manifold**	ea	5122428
Replacement Parts		
Lid, Gaskets, and 12 Stopcocks	ea	8604550
Vacuum Gauge, Valve, and Glass Chamber	ea	8604554
Collection Rack, 12-Port Size*	ea	8604557
Gaskets, 12-Port Size	2	2106749
One-Way Stopcocks	12	2106753
Waste Container	2	5125466

*12-Port Collection Rack includes 3 support posts, bottom plate, 13- and 16mm plates, autosampler vial plate, volumetric plate, and 12 retaining clips.**Includes waste container.

24-Port Manifold and Accessories

Description	Qty.	Part No.
24-Port Vacuum Manifold	ea	5122426
Replacement Parts		
Lid, Gaskets, and 24 Stopcocks	ea	8604549
Vacuum Gauge, Valve, and Glass Chamber	ea	8604540
Collection Rack, 24-Port Size†	ea	8604542
Gaskets, 16- and 24-Port Size	2	2106735
One-Way Stopcocks	24	2106747

†16- and 24-Port Collection Racks include 3 support posts, bottom plate, dimple plate, 13- and 16mm plates, and 12 retaining clips.

SEClute™ SPE Columns

Sorbent	Bed Size / Tube Volume	Qty.	Part No.	
C18-Max	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138765	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138766	
	500mg/6mL	30pk	5138767	
	1000mg/6mL	30pk	5138768	
C18-Aq	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138774	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138775	
	1000mg/6mL	30pk	5138776	
C18-Low	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138760	
	200mg/3mL	50pk	5138761	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138762	
	500mg/6mL	30pk	5138763	
	1000mg/6mL	30pk	5138764	
C18-Fast	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138758	
	1000mg/6mL	30pk	5138759	
TMS	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138785	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138786	
Silica	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138777	
	200mg/3mL	50pk	5138778	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138779	
	500mg/6mL	30pk	5138780	
	500mg/6mL	30pk	5138781	
	1000mg/6mL	30pk	5138782	
	2000mg/12mL	30pk	5138783	
	10000mg/60mL	16pk	5138784	
Amino	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138752	
	1000mg/6mL	30pk	5138753	
Diol	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138771	
	200mg/3mL	50pk	5138772	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138773	
Florisil ®	500mg/3mL	50pk	5141522	
	1000mg/6mL	30pk	5141520	
	2000mg/12mL	30pk	5141521	
Anion-X	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138754	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138755	
Cation-X	100mg/1mL	100pk	5138769	
	500mg/3mL	50pk	5138770	

For more information, please contact :